ּתַנוּ רַבַּנַן :לְעוֹלַם יָהָא אַדַם עַנְווִתַן כָּהָלֵּל וְאַל יִהֶא קַפְּדַן כִּשַׁמַאי .מַעֲשֶׂה בִּשְׁנֵי בְּנֵי אַדַם

Since the Gemara discussed the forbearance of Sages, who remain silent in the face of nonsensical comments, it cites additional relevant examples. The Sages taught in a baraita: A person should always be patient like Hillel and not impatient like Shammai. The Gemara related: There was an incident involving two people

שֶׁהִמְרוּ זֶה אֶת זֶה ,אָמְרוּ :פָּל מִי שָׁצֵלַהּ וְיַקְנִיט אֶת הַלֵּל יִטוֹל אַרְבַּע מֵאוֹת זוּז .אָמַר אֶחָד מֵהֶם :אֲנִי אַקְנִיטֶנּוּ .אוֹתוֹ הַיּוֹם עֶרֶבּ שָׁבָּת הָיָה ,וְהִלֵּל חָפַף אֶת רֹאֹשׁוֹ. הָלַהְּ וְעָבַר עַל פֶּתַח בִּיתוֹ ,אָמַר :מִי כָּאו הָלֵל ,מִי כָּאו הָלֵל ?נִתְעַפֵּף וְיָצָא לְקְרָאתוֹ .אָמַר לוֹ: שְׁאַל בְּנִי .שְׁאַל :מְהַ יָמָה רָאשֵׁיהֶן שֶׁל בַּבְלִיִּים סְגַלְּגַּלּוֹת ?אָמַר בְּנִי ,מָה אַתָּה מְבַקֵשׁ ?אָמַר לוֹ: שְׁאֵלָה יִשׁ לִי לִשְׁאוֹל .אָמַר לוֹ: בִּנִי ,שְׁאֵל הִּדִּוֹלָה שָׁאַלָּתַ .מִפְּנֵי שָׁאִין לָהֵם אֵחַיוֹת פְּקּחוֹת בְּקּחוֹת

who wagered with each other and said: Anyone who will go and aggravate Hillel to the point that he reprimands him, will take four-hundred zuz. One of them said: I will aggravate him. That day that he chose to bother Hillel was Shabbat eve, and Hillel was washing the hair on his head. He went and passed the entrance to Hillel's house and in a demeaning manner said: Who here is Hillel, who here is Hillel? Hillel wrapped himself in a dignified garment and went out to greet him. He said to him: My son, what do you seek? He said to him: I have a question to ask. Hillel said to him: Ask, my son, ask. The man asked him: Why are the heads of Babylonians oval? He was alluding to and attempting to insult Hillel, who was Babylonian. He said to him: My son, you have asked a significant question. The reason is because they do not have clever midwives. They do not know how to shape the child's head at birth.

ָהְלַךְּ וְהָמְתִּיו שָׁעָה אַחַת ,חָזַר וְאָמַר :מִי כָּאן הִלֵּל ,מִי כָּאן הִלֵּל ?נִתְעֵטֵף וְיָצָא לִקְרָאתוֹ. אָמַר לוֹ :בְּנִי ,מָה אַתָּה מְבַקּשׁ ?אָמַר לּוֹ :בְּנִי ,שְׁאֵל בְּנִי .שְׁאֵל :מִפְּנֵי מָה עֵינֵיהֶן שֶׁל תַּרְמוֹדִיִּיו תְּרוּטוֹת ?אָמַר לוֹ :שְׁאֵל בְּנִי .שְׁאֵל :מִפְּנֵי מָה עֵינֵיהֶן שֶׁל תַּרְמוֹדִיִּיו תְּרוּטוֹת ?אָמַר לוֹ :שְׁאֵל בְּנִי .שְׁאֵל בִּנִי מָה עֵינֵיהֶן שֶׁל תַּרְמוֹדִיִּין תְּרוּטוֹת ?אָמַר לוֹ :שְׁדָּרִין בֵּין הַחוֹלוֹת .מִפְּנֵי שֵׁדָּרִין בֵּין הַחוֹלוֹת

That man went and waited one hour, a short while, returned to look for Hillel, and said: Who here is Hillel, who here is Hillel? Again, Hillel wrapped himself and went out to greet him. Hillel said to him: My son, what do you seek? The man said to him: I have a question to ask. He said to him: Ask, my son, ask. The man asked: Why are the eyes of the residents of Tadmor bleary [terutot]? Hillel said to him: My son, you have asked a significant question. The reason is because they live among the sands and the sand gets into their eyes.

ָאָמַר אָמַר אָ הָּרָ וְאָמַר ,מָה אַתָּה אָתָה הָלֵל ,מִי כָּאן הִלֵּל ?נִתְעַפֵּף וְיָצָא לִקְרָאתוֹ ,אָמַר לו אָמַר לוֹ :שְּאַל בְּנִי שְׁאַלָּה גְּדוֹלָה שְׁאַלְף :מְּפְּנֵי מָה רַגְלֵיהֶם שֶׁל אַפְּרְקִיִּים רְחָבוֹת ?אָמַר לוֹ :בְּנִי שְׁאַלָּה גְּדוֹלָה שְׁאַלְּה יִשׁ לִי לִשְׁאוֹל .אָמַר לוֹ :שְׁאַל בְּנִי שְׁאַל בְּנִי מָשְׁבָּי מָהְּנִי מָה בַּנְלֵיהָם שֶׁל אַפְּרְקִיִּים רְחָבוֹת ?אָמַר לוֹ :בְּנִי שְׁאֵל בְּנִי הַשְּׁאַל : לוֹ :בְּצְעֵי הַפִּיִם — מִפְּנֵי שְׁדָּרִין בֵּין בְּצְעֵי הַפִּיִם.

Once again the man went, waited one hour, returned, and said: Who here is Hillel, who here is Hillel? Again, he, Hillel, wrapped himself and went out to greet him. He said to him: My son, what do you seek? He said to him: I have a question to ask. He said to him: Ask, my son, ask. The man asked: Why do Africans have wide feet? Hillel said to him: You have asked a significant question. The reason is because they live in marshlands and their feet widened to enable them to walk through those swampy areas.

אָמַר לוֹ :שְּאֵלוֹת הַרְבֵּה יֵשׁ לִי לִשְׁאוֹל ,וּמִתְיָרֵא אֲנִי שֶׁמָּא תִּבְעוֹס .נְתְעֵמֵף וְיָשַׁב לְפָנְיו .אָמַר לוֹ :בָּל שְׁאֵלוֹת הַרְבֵּה יֵשׁ לִּי לְשְׁאוֹל ,וּמִתְיָרֵא אֲנִי שָׁמָּא תִּבְעוֹס .נְתְעֵמֵף וְיָשַׁב לְפָנְיו .אָמַר הוּא ,לֹא יִרְבּוּ בְּמוֹתְךּ בְּיִשְׂרָאֵל .שְׁמְלֵאל .אָמַר לוֹ :הָוֵי זָהִיר בְּרוּחֲךּ בְּדֵי הוּא הִלֵּל שֶׁתְּאֵבֶּד עַל אָמֵר לוֹ :בְּנִי ,מִפְּנֵי מָה ?אָמַר לוֹ מִפְּנֵי שֶׁאִבַּדְתִּי עַל יָדְךּ אַרְבַּע מֵאוֹת זוּז .אָמַר לוֹ :הָנִי זְהִרּ בְּרוּחֲךּ בְּדֵי הוּא הַלֵּל לֹא יַקְפִּיד יָדוֹ אַרְבַּע מֵאוֹת זוּז ,וְהָלֵל לֹא יַקְפִּיד. That man said to him: I have many more questions to ask, but I am afraid lest you get angry. Hillel wrapped himself and sat before him, and he said to him: All of the questions that you have to ask, ask them. The man got angry and said to him: Are you Hillel whom they call the Nasi of Israel? He said to him: Yes. He said to him: If it is you, then may there not be many like you in Israel. Hillel said to him: My son, for what reason do you say this? The man said to him: Because I lost four hundred zuz because of you. Hillel said to him: Be vigilant of your spirit and avoid situations of this sort. Hillel is worthy of having you lose four hundred zuz and another four hundred zuz on his account, and Hillel will not get upset.

תָּנוּ רַבָּנַן :מַעֲשֶׂה בְּגוֹי אֶחָד שֶׁבָּא לִפְנֵי שַׁמַּאי .אָמַר לוֹ :כַּמָּה תּוֹרוֹת יֵשׁ לָכֶם ?אָמַר לוֹ :שְׁבְּעוֹך שֶׁבְּּכְתָב וְתוֹרָה שֶׁבְּעַל פֶּה .אָמַר לוֹ :שֶׁבְּלָתְב אֲנִי מַאֲמִינְךּ ,וְשֶׁבְּעַל פֶּה — אֵינִי מַאֲמִינְךּ ,גַּיְירֵנִי עַל מְנָת שֶׁתְּלַמְּדֵנִי תּוֹרָה שֶׁבְּכְתָב .גָעַר בּוֹ וְהוֹצִיאוֹ פָּה .אַמַר לִיהּ :אָמַר לֵיהּ :אְמַר לֵיהּ :אְמַר לֵיהּ :אְמַר לֵיהּ :אְמַר לֵיהּ :אָמַר לֵיהּ :אַמַרְתְּ לִי הָכִי וֹבְּל בָּה לָבְיִי הָלֵל ,גַּיְירֵיהּ .יוֹמָא קַמָּא אֲמַר לֵיהּ :א״ב ג״ד .לְמְחַר אֲפֵיךְ לֵיהּ .אֲמַר לֵיהּ :קָא סְמִבָּת ?דְּעַל פָּה נָמֵי סְמוֹךְּ עַלִי צִּיִי קַא סְמִבָּת ?דְּעַל פָּה נָמֵי סְמוֹךְ עַלִי.

The Sages taught: There was an incident involving one gentile who came before Shammai. The gentile said to Shammai: How many Torahs do you have? He said to him: Two, the Written Torah and the Oral Torah. The gentile said to him: With regard to the Written Torah, I believe you, but with regard to the Oral Torah, I do not believe you. Convert me on condition that you will teach me only the Written Torah. Shammai scolded him and cast him out with reprimand. The same gentile came before Hillel, who converted him and began teaching him Torah. On the first day, he showed him the letters of the alphabet and said to him: Alef, bet, gimmel, dalet. The next day he reversed the order of the letters and told him that an alef is a tav and so on. The convert said to him: But yesterday you did not tell me that. Hillel said to him: You see that it is impossible to learn what is written without relying on an oral tradition. Didn't you rely on me? Therefore, you should also rely on me with regard to the matter of the Oral Torah, and accept the interpretations that it contains.

שוּב מַעֲשֶׂה בְּגוֹי אֶחָד שֶׁבָּא לִפְנֵי שַׁמַּאי .אָמַר לוֹ :גַּיִּירֵנִי עַל מְנָת שֶׁתְּלַמְּדֵנִי כָּל הַתּוֹרָה כּוּלָּה בְּשֶׁאֲנִי עוֹמֵד עַל רֶגֶל אַחַת! רְּחָפוֹ בְּאַמַּת הַבִּנְיָן שֶׁבְּיָדוֹ .בָּא לִפְנֵי הִלֵּל ,גַּיִּירֵיהּ .אָמַר לוֹ :דְּעֲלָךְ סְנֵי לְחַבְרָךְ לָא תַּעֲבֵיד — זוֹ הִיא בָּל הַתּוֹרָה כּוּלָה, וְאִידַּךְ בֵּירוּשָׁהּ הוּא ,זִיל גִּמוֹר.

There was another incident involving one gentile who came before Shammai and said to Shammai: Convert me on condition that you teach me the entire Torah while I am standing on one foot. Shammai pushed him away with the builder's cubit in his hand. This was a common measuring stick and Shammai was a builder by trade. The same gentile came before Hillel. He converted him and said to him: That which is hateful to you do not do to another; that is the entire Torah, and the rest is its interpretation. Go study.

שׁוּב מַעֲשֶׂה בְּגוֹי אֶחָד שֶׁהָיָה עוֹבֵר אֲחוֹרֵי בִּית הַמִּדְרָשׁ ,וְשָׁמֵע קוֹל סוֹפֵר שֶׁהָיָה אוֹמֵר :״וְאֵלֶּה הַבְּגָדִים אֲשֶׁר יַעֲשׂוּ חוֹשֶׁן וְאֵפּוֹד״ .אָמַר :הַלָּלוּ לְמִי ?אָמְרוּ לוֹ :לְכֹהֵן גָּדוֹל .אָמַר אוֹתוֹ גּוֹי בְּעַצְמוֹ :אֵלֵךְ וְאֶתְנַיֵּיר בִּשְׁבִיל שֶׁיְשִׂימוּנִי כֹּהֵן גָּדוֹל .בָּא לְפְנֵי שַׁמֵּאי ,אַמַר לוֹ :גַּיִּרֶרִי עַל מִנַת שֻׁתִּשִׁימֵנִי כֹּהֵן גַּדוֹל .דְּחַפוֹ בְּאַמַת הַבְּנָין שֻׁבִּידוֹ .בַּא לְפְנֵי הַלֵּל ,גַּיִּרֵיהּ

There was another incident involving one gentile who was passing behind the study hall and heard the voice of a teacher who was teaching Torah to his students and saying the verse: "And these are the garments which they shall make: A breastplate, and an efod, and a robe, and a tunic of checkered work, a mitre, and a girdle" (Exodus 28:4). The gentile said: These garments, for whom are they designated? The students said to him: For the High Priest. The gentile said to himself: I will go and convert so that they will install me as High Priest. He came before Shammai and said to him: Convert me on condition that you install me as High Priest. Shammai pushed him with the builder's cubit in his hand. He came before Hillel; he converted him.

אָמַר לוֹ :בְּלוּם מַעֲמִידִין מֶלֶךּ אֶלָּא מִי שֶׁיּוֹדֵעַ טַרְסִיסֵי מַלְכוּת ,לֵךּ לְמוֹד טַרְסִיסֵי מַלְכוּת .הָלַךּ וְקָרָא .בּיַוְן שֶׁהָגִּיע ״וְהַזְּר הַקְּרֵב יוּמָת״, אָמַר לֵיהּ :מִקְרָא זָה עַל מִי נֶאֱמַר ?אָמַר לוֹ :אֲפִילוּ עַל דָּוִד מֶלֶךּ יִשְׂרָאֵל .נְשָׂא אוֹתוֹ גַּר קַל וְחוֹמֶר בְּעַצְמוֹ :וּמַה יִשְׂרָאֵל שְׁנְּקְרְאוּ בָּנִים לַמָּקוֹם וּמִתּוֹךְ אַהֲבָה שֶׁאֲהָבָם קְרָא לָהֶם :״בְּנִי בְּכוֹרִי יִשְׂרָאֵל ,״בְּתִב עֲלֵיהֶם ״וְהַזָּר הַקְּרֵב יוּמָת״ — גֵּר הַקַּל שָׁבָּא בִּמַקלוֹ וּבְתַרְמִילוֹ ,עַל אַחַת בַּמָּה וִכְמָה וֹכְמָה.

Hillel said to him, to the convert: Is it not the way of the world that only one who knows the protocols [takhsisei] of royalty is appointed king? Go and learn the royal protocols by engaging in Torah study. He went and read the Bible. When he reached the verse which says: "And the common man that draws near shall be put to death" (Numbers 1:51), the convert said to Hillel: With regard to whom is the verse speaking? Hillel said to him: Even with regard to David, king of Israel. The convert reasoned an a fortiori inference himself: If the Jewish people are called God's children, and due to the love that God loved them he called them: "Israel is My son, My firstborn" (Exodus 4:22), and nevertheless it is written about them: And the common man that draws near shall be put to death; a mere convert who came without merit, with nothing more than his staff and traveling bag, all the more so that this applies to him, as well.

ָבָּא לִפְנֵי שַׁמַּאי, אָמַר לוֹ :כְּלוּם רָאוּי אֲנִי לִהְיוֹת כֹּהֵן גָּדוֹל ?וַהֲלֹא כְּתִיב בַּתּוֹרָה :״וְהַזָּר הַקָּרֵב יוּמָת״. בָּא לִפְנֵי הָלֵּל ,אָמַר לוֹ :כְּלוּם רָאוּי אֲנִי לִהְיוֹת כֹּהֵן גָּדוֹל ?וַהְלֹא כְּתִיב בַּתּוֹרָה יִשְׁלָשְתָּן לִמְקוֹם אֶחָד ,אָמְרוּ :קַפְּדָנוּתוֹ עַנְוִותָן הָלֵּל ,יָנוּחוּ לְךְּ בְּרָכוֹת עַל רֹאשְׁךְ, שֶׁקָרְבִּתִּנִי תַּחַת בַּנְפֵי הַשְּׁכִינָה יָשְׁכִּינָה . שֵׁל שָׁמַאי בִּקּשָׁה לְּטוֹרְדֵנוּ מִן הַעוֹלַם ,עְנָוִותַנוּתוֹ שֵׁל הָלֵל קַרְבַתְנוּ תַּחַת בַּנְפֵי הַשְּׁכִינַה.

The convert came before Shammai and told him that he retracts his demand to appoint him High Priest, saying: Am I at all worthy to be High Priest? Is it not written in the Torah: And the common man that draws near shall be put to death? He came before Hillel and said to him: Hillel the patient, may blessings rest upon your head as you brought me under the wings of the Divine Presence. The Gemara relates: Eventually, the three converts gathered together in one place, and they said: Shammai's impatience sought to drive us from the world; Hillel's patience brought us beneath the wings of the Divine Presence.